1. A. Where did the Greek civilization first start?(2 marks)

B. How large in area did this civilization cover?( 2 marks)

2. A. Please describe the Greek Islands?(4 marks)

B. Where was good farmland located?(3 marks)

3. What is a Mediterranean climate and what influences it?(3 marks)

4. Greek's earliest settlers found the hilly country good for what?( 2 marks)

5. In the good patches of land, what were the main crops grown?( 3 marks)

6. What were Greek islands rich with and what existed in good quantities that was good for building?( 3 marks)

7. A. What sort of things did they mine?(4 marks)

	B. What did they use these valuable materials for?( 2 marks)
8.	A. What was Greece's greatest asset?( 1 mark)
	B. What did its coast and many natural harbours provide?( 2 marks)
	lization of City-States  A. Why was farmland access isolated and often limited?( 2 marks)
	B. Because of what was discussed in A, how did early Greek settlements develop?(3 marks)
	C. What was a "hinterland" and what did it provide?( 2 marks)
10	. A.What are "City States"?(4 marks)
	B. What were the main Greek city states?( 5 marks)
	C. What were the largest and most influential city states?( 2 marks)
	D. What problem did each city state have in reference to each other?( 2 marks)
11	. Why is Greek civilization referred to as "one" while they were mostly separate city states?( 6 marks)

12. Greek "city states" sometimes fought each other, but also did what?( 1 mark)	
13. A. What did Greeks call themselves?( 1 mark)	
B. What did they call their country?( 1 mark)	
C. What civilization called them Greek?( 1 mark)	
D. What did Greeks call all others who were not Greeks and what does this word mean?( 2 marks)	
Traders and Warriors pg. 154  14. A. Most city states had a limited amount of farmland. As the city-states grew, what did they need more of?( 2 marks)	
B. In order to supply their growing population, what did they have to do?( 2 marks)	
15. What were colonies and what did they do to survive?( 2 marks)	
16. What was often imported from colonies and countries to the east?(2 marks)	
17. What did they often trade in exchange?( 4 marks)	
18. A. Who gave the Mediterranean its name and what does it mean?( 2 marks)	
B. Why do you think the Romans gave the Mediterranean Sea its name?( 1 mark)	